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Contents		
DITORIAL	A point regarding case reports Mukund Thatte	111
ORIGINAL ARTICLES	The use of Sanskrit, an ancient language, as a tool to evaluate cleft palate speech proble Kalpesh Gajiwala	ems 112
	Speech understandability of repaired cleft palate patients pre and post caregiver training Jobe Andrea L, D'Mello Joan, Sanjay Kumar	g 122
	Effects of botulinum toxin type A on healing of injured skeletal muscles Ramin A. Shokravi, Mohammad Moshref, Behnam Eslami, Farhad Aghmasheh	129
	A comparative study of the efficacy of topical negative pressure moist dressings and conventional moist dressings in chronic wounds Leo Francis Tauro, J. Ravikrishnan, B. S. Satish Rao, H. Divakar Shenoy, S. R. Shetty, Leo T. Menezes	133
	Microsurgical free tissue transfer as a valuable reconstructive procedure in foot reconstruction Mohamed El-Shazly, Mohamed Makboul	141
	Comparison of four surgical methods for eyebrow reconstruction Mahmood Omranifard, A. Mehrabi Koushki	147
	An epidemiological study of 500 paediatric burn patients in Mumbai, India S. S. Verma, S. Srinivasan, A. M. Vartak	153
	Epidemiological and socio-cultural study of burn patients in M. Y. Hospital, Indore, India Ashish K. Jaiswal, Himanshu Aggarwal, Pooja Solanki, P. S. Lubana, R. K. Mathur, Sudarshan Odiya	158
	Early experience with the use of prosthetic mesh as fascia replacement in structural abdominal wall reconstruction I. A. Adigun, J. K. Olabanji, A. O. Oladele, O. O. Lawal, G. H. Alabi	164
	Soft tissue reinforcement interposition flaps in hypospadias repair R. B. Singh, S. Dalal, N. M. Pavithran, B. D. Sharma	170
	Facial aging: A clinical classification Melvin A. Shiffman	178
	What is the best choice for repair of distal penile hypospadias: The tubularized incised plate urethroplasty or anterior urethral advancement technique? Mohamed M. S. Awad, Adel M. Tolba, Khaled M. Saad, Mahmoud R. Zaghlol, Ahmed Ezzat Roziggue, Osama H. Gharib, Saalim A. Khalil	182
CASE REPORTS	Rhabdomyosarcoma of thumb: A case report with review of literature S. Raja Sabapathy, Hari Venkatramani, S. Udhaya Shankar, Sanjai Ramkumar	189

	Munchausen's syndrome in plastic surgery practice: A bewildering situation! D. Nardella, M. S. Sohawon, O. Heymans	194
	Familial distichiasis	
	Siti Roy Chowdhury, Shamita Chatterjee	199
	Trismus: An unusual presentation following road accident	
	Jagdeep S. Thakur, C. G. S. Chauhan, Vijay K. Diwana, Dayal C. Chauhan	202
	Unusual case of cleft hand	
	Parag B. Sahasrabudhe, Madhuri D. Kulkarni	205
	Squamous cell carcinoma of lower lip in very young brothers of xeroderma pigmentosa Hemant A. Saraiya, Mukul Trivedi, Jayesh Patel, J. T. Jhala	209
	Dental sinus with parotid duct fistula: An unusual presentation	
	Naren Shetty, Ashok Pandey, Nitin Mokal	213
IMAGES	A typical case of divided nevus of the eyelid	
	Sun Zhi-Yong, Zan Tao, Sheng Guo-Xiong, Li Qing-Feng	217
40 YEARS AGO	Problems of skin cover in injuries of lower limb with tissue loss A Ganguli	218
CME	Anatomy of aging face	
	Rakesh Khazanchi, Aditya Aggarwal, Manoj Johar	223
	Reconstruction of nose in leprosy	
	S. Husain	230
LETTERS TO EDITOR	A simple method to make marking ink indelible	
	Maksud Devale, Mukund Jagannathan	237
	Regarding ethical issues in clinical research	
	Venkata Ramana Vollala, Bhagath Kumar Potu	238
	Access to scientific research papers	
	Vinita Puri, Sanjay Mahendru	238
	Suction diathermy	000
0.0171.14.0150	Samuel Chow Man Wai, Ringo Chu Wing Hong, Andrew Burd	239
OBITUARIES	Dr. Noshir Hormasji Antia Behman M. Daver	241
	Dr. Manohar Hariram Keswani	
	H. S. Adenwalla	242

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Case Report

Trismus: An unusual presentation following road accident

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ABSTRACT

Trismus due to trauma usually follows road accidents leading to massive faciomaxillary injury. In the literature there is no report of a foreign body causing trismus following a road accident, this rare case is an exception. We present a case of isolated presentation of trismus following a road accident. This case report stresses on the thorough evaluation of patients presenting with trismus following a road accident.

KEY WORDS

Foreign body, trismus

rismus (*Trismos*: Greek word meaning grinding) is a condition with restricted mouth opening. Normal mouth opening, as measured by the anterior gap between the upper and lower incisors, including overbite, is 35-50 mm.^[1] The muscles of mastication are Temporalis, Masseter, Medial Pterygoid and Lateral Pterygoid. The mouth is opened by the Lateral Pterygoid and sometimes helped by the suprahyoid muscles (Digastric, Geniohyoid and Mylohyoid) during mouth opening against resistance. The temporomandibular joint is the only joint involved in the process of mouth opening. This temporomandibular joint is a ginglymo-arthrodial type of joint which is a combination of hinge and gliding type of joint. The restricted mouth opening can be due to either the involvement of this joint or pathology of muscles which are responsible for mouth opening. The aetiology of trismus can be, hence, divided as extra capsular or intra capsular. The causes in both include trauma, infection or malignancy. The patient usually complains of difficulty in opening the mouth or sometimes difficulty in eating, speech or pain which takes him or her to the otolaryngologist or dentist for consultation.

CASE REPORT

A 35-year-old male, conductor by profession, met with a vehicular accident. He presented with a complaint of trismus in the Emergency department [Figure 1]. On examination, he had a metal foreign body impacted in the area of the temporomandibular (TM) joint on the left side [Figure 2], with no other sign of injury on the body. X-ray skull, both lateral and anteroposterior views were done and showed a metallic foreign body with three prongs [Figure 3] which were impacted in the temporal bone, TM joint and ascending ramus of the mandible respectively. The haemogram and LFT/RFT were found to be normal. Patient was taken up for extraction of this foreign body under general anaesthesia. The foreign body was simply pulled from the site. The wound was explored for any bony fracture, vascular, nerve or muscular injury and was found to be normal. This foreign body was a 'trishool' also known as a trident [Figure 4]. This is a weapon used in Hindu mythology, and was fixed as a decoration on the bonnet of the truck, in which the patient met with an accident. After the extraction of this foreign body, the

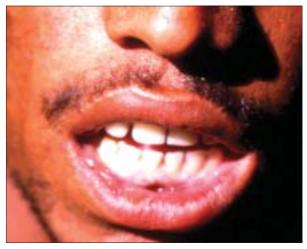


Figure 1: Photograph of the patient showing trismus



Figure 3: X-ray of the skull lateral oblique view showing metallic foriegn body



Figure 2: Photograph of the patient showing foreign body lodged in the temporomandibular area



Figure 4: Photograph of the removed foreign body 'Trishool'

trismus of the patient improved immediately. His mouth opening was adequate postoperatively. In the follow-up, the patient did not have any seguel to this foreign body trauma in the temporomandibular joint which could have lead to the ankylosis of the joint.

DISCUSSION

Trismus due to trauma usually follows road accidents leading to massive faciomaxillary injury. Penetrating foreign bodies in the head and neck region are uncommon.[2] There are a number of reports of trismus due to a foreign body lodging in the infra temporal fossa in the English language literature. [2-5] Lacy et al. [2] reported a migrating foreign body causing trismus after 16 years and stressed for thorough examination of patient following foreign body injury.

Isolated trismus due to foreign body lodging in the temporomandibular joint following road accident is not reported in the English language literature (Medline search). In this rare case, there was no other facial or body trauma except the foreign body lodging in the area of the temporomandibular joint and acting as an external fixator. One of the prongs of the 'trishool' was impacted on the ramus of mandible, the second was impacted in the temporal bone and the central limb was in the joint area.

CONCLUSION

Although trismus following road accidents is usually due to the fracture of mandible, foreign body lodging in the temporomandibular joint following road accident has not been reported. In this rare case the foreign body was quite big in size but this is an example to keep in mind the possibility of a foreign body as the cause of trismus if no other cause is found on clinical examination. This type of foreign bodies should be removed as early as possible to avoid foreign body reaction and ankylosis of the temporomandibular joint subsequently.

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